Echinococcosis is a parasitic disease that occurs in two main forms in humans: cystic echinococcosis (also known as hydatidosis) and alveolar echinococcosis, caused by the tapeworms Echinococcus granulosus and E. multilocularis, respectively. Both diseases can cause serious morbidity and death. Echinococcosis is globally distributed, with highly endemic areas.

WHO | Echinococcosis

Echinococcus granulosus, also called the hydatid worm, hyper tape-worm or dog tapeworm, is a cyclophyllid cestode that dwells in the small intestine of canids as an adult, but which has important intermediate hosts such as livestock and humans, where it causes cystic echinococcosis, also known as hydatid disease. The adult tapeworm ranges in length from 3 mm to 6 mm and has three proglottids ...

Global Distribution of Alveolar and Cystic Echinococcosis

Echinococcus granulosus - Wikipedia

Methods. We estimated prevalence and incidence for 328 diseases and injuries and 2982 sequelae, their non-fatal consequences. We used DisMod-MR 2.1, a Bayesian meta-regression tool, as the main method of estimation, ensuring consistency between incidence, prevalence, remission, and cause of death rates for each condition.

Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and

The overall prevalence of MDR tuberculosis in South Africa in 2012 was similar to that in 2001; however, prevalence of rifampicin-resistant tuberculosis almost doubled among new cases. Furthermore, the high prevalence of isoniazid mono-resistant tuberculosis, not routinely screened for, and resistance to second-line drugs has implications for empirical management.

Prevalence of drug-resistant tuberculosis and imputed

Clonorchis sinensis, the Chinese liver fluke, is a human liver fluke belonging to the class Trematoda, phylum Platyhelminthes. This parasite lives in the liver of humans, and is found mainly in the common bile duct and gall bladder, feeding on bile. These animals, which are believed to be the third most prevalent worm parasite in the world, are endemic to Japan, China, Taiwan, and Southeast Asia ...

Clonorchis sinensis - Wikipedia

This report of the European Food Safety Authority and the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control presents the results of the zoonoses monitoring activities carried out in 2016 in 37 European countries (28 Member States (MS) and nine non-MS).
WHO EUROPEAN POLICY 2007-2012

New cases of vaccine-preventable diseases. Number of confirmed new cases of vaccine-preventable diseases that are included in the WHO recommended standards for surveillance of selected vaccine-preventable diseases, and vaccine-preventable diseases reported on the WHO-UNICEF reporting form in a specified time period.

WHO-HIP

A parasite is an organism that lives in or on another organism. It depends on its host for survival, and it might cause disease or other types of harm.

Parasites: Types, in humans, worms, and ectoparasites

Les œufs de Tænia solium (comme ceux des autres Tænia) sont des embryophores : ils sont constitués d'une coque enfermant un embryon d'âge formé en larve complète.